

bowels had not been opened for three days; urine of a natural color; pulse rather small, and beat about 80; tongue loaded with a whitish fur; body cold and covered with perspiration. She is about two months gone with child. Ordered mist. efferves-cens. c. liq. opii sedat. Pil. calomel. ext. col. c. et ol. croton.

3d.—Vomiting and pain in the stomach unabated; pulse as yesterday; bowels hard; no tenderness on pressure. Applic. emplast. cantharid. regioni epigast. Contin. pil. et mist. efferves. Ordered to have large enemata.

4th.—The vomiting has not ceased for more than an hour throughout, except yesterday, when, after the blister was dressed, she thought it was nearly two hours before it returned, but it then came on with increased violence. Repeat enemata. R. hydrarg. sub. gr. xij., pil. saponis c. opio gr. xvij., ol. cinnamom. gttij., fiat pil. vi. capiat j. tertiis horis.

5th.—Vomiting rather worse, and the fluid which is thrown up is about the color of tea. Pulse rather full, and quicker than yesterday; bowels open; slight pain on pressure; tongue cleaner on the sides, and red. Fiat v. s. ad 3 xvi. R. Aquæ cinnamomi. ʒij. træ opii ʒi. M. capiat ʒss. omni tertia hora.

6th.—Stomach still as irritable as yesterday, and rejects everything taken. Pulse not so full, but she complains of great pain in the epigastric region, increased by pressure. Applic. hirud. xvij. regioni epigast. et postea emplast. cantharid. Capiat hydrarg. sub. gr. viij. in pilulam 4tis horis. Bowels bound, although the enema has been persisted in.

SEVERE CASE OF VOMITING ATTENDING PREGNANCY.

ELIZABETH JOHNSON, æt. 23, admitted a patient August 2d, 1828; she was seized yesterday with violent vomiting and pain in the bowels, which lasted nearly the whole of the day without intermission, but she did not apply for relief till this morning early. She then complained of a pain in the epigastrium (which was relieved by pressure), and continued vomiting (of a brown color). She appeared to be very much exhausted, and labored under great prostration of strength. Her

7th.—The medicines at present have been of little service, as the vomiting still continues; and in fact she rejects both medicine and nourishment as soon as taken; pulse natural; bowels bound; tongue clean; great prostration of strength; she is unable to move without assistance. Eight of the leeches only took, but from the continued fainting which supervened, it was considered advisable not to apply any more. R. Misturæ cretæ ℥i. spt. ammon. c. træ opijāā ℥i. spt. æther. c. ℥ij. M. A tablespoonful to be given every two hours, with a teaspoonful of brandy.

8th.—She yesterday kept a little arrow root on her stomach for some time. Vomiting exceedingly bad; bowels confined. Ordered to continue the enema every third hour, with the addition of an ounce of the tinct. aloes in each. To continue the mixture and brandy.

9th.—She says she feels relieved in taking the medicine and brandy, more particularly at first: but the stomach continues very irritable, although certainly mitigated, and the pain in the epigastric region is less. Bowels open slightly. Habeat hydrarg. subm. gr. x. in gelatina quamp. sumend. R. Acidi hydrocyanici M. viij. Aquæ cinnamomi ℥ij. m. capiat ℥ss. sextis horis.

10th.—She was relieved for two or three hours by the acid, but the relief afforded was merely temporary, and after the first or second dose, the medicine appeared to have lost its effect, as the vomiting returned nearly as bad as previous to the time she took the mixture with brandy. Bowels open; tongue clean, and pulse natural; urine deposits a

mucous sediment. Rept. mist. ut die Aug. 7mo.

12th.—Vomiting better, and she kept a little arrow root on her stomach. Bowels open moderately. She sat up in bed a little yesterday. R. Aquæ cinnamomi. ℥ij. sp. ammon. c. træ opijāā ℥i. træ humuli ℥xi. cap. ℥ss. quartis horis.

13th, 14th.—Improving.

16th.—Convalescent. Cap. mist. aperiens pro re nata.

23d.—Bowels regular; no vomiting for nearly a fortnight. The lower extremities anasarcaous, for which a mixture of the acetate of potash was ordered, and under its use this symptom disappeared.

30th.—Dismissed cured.

It may be worthy of remark, that notwithstanding the violence of the vomiting, and the powerful remedies employed, no miscarriage took place; and after the usual time of gestation, she was delivered of a healthy child, which she was enabled to suckle. —*Midland Med. & Surg. Rep.*