

in the street. An English soldier, who happened to see him at the time, stopped a coolie who was passing by with his buckets full of water, and immediately doused the Chinaman, and thus saved his life. It was the talk amongst the Chinese all through the town, and will be remembered as one of the historical incidents of the occupation of the place by the barbarians.

SUMMARY OF CASES TREATED AT THE CHINESE HOSPITAL AT TIEN TSIN,

ESTABLISHED AND SUPPORTED BY THE ARMY OF OCCUPATION,
AND UNDER THE CHARGE OF J. LAMPREY, M.B., SURGEON
67TH REGIMENT.

THIS hospital was opened in the month of January last, and has been up to the present time in operation for six months.

Surgical.—Eye diseases: Entropion, 240; cataract, 46; glaucoma, 8; pterygium and opacity of the cornea, innumerable. Excision of elbow-joint, 1; partial excision, 1. Amputations: above the elbow, 1; above the knee, 1; thumb, 1; big toe, 1; first toe and metatarsal bone, 1. Removal of diseased bone from tibia, 4; from femur, 1; from humerus, 4; from upper maxilla, 2; portion of carpal and metacarpal bone, 1; portion of frontal bone, 1. Tumours: fatty, 6; steatomatous, 4; fibro-cartilaginous, from the hand, 1; from the face, 1: some of these were remarkable for their size. Lithotomy, 1; rupture of urethra in perineo, radical cure for hydrocele, 3; imperforate prepuce, 4; fistula in ano, 25; hare-lip, 1; onychia, phlegmon, anthrax, &c., and all the minor operations of surgery innumerable.

Medical.—Paralysis of all forms; pneumonia, bronchitis, hæmoptysis, and whooping-cough; abscess and congestion of liver, and icterus; anasarca and ascites; diarrhoea and dysentery; constipation; fevers, remittent, and scarlatina; rheumatism, scrofula, cancer; skin diseases innumerable (of these scabies and a form of lupus were very prevalent).

The patients now come from all parts of the north of China, and place themselves under treatment with every confidence. It is the first institution of the kind established in the north of China, and has, during the short time it has been in operation, been the means of doing an incalculable amount of good amongst the native inhabitants of Tien Tsin and vicinity.

The weather during the present month (July) has been excessively hot, though not oppressive. The thermometer in the shade has been as follows since the 15th:—

	Maximum.	Minimum.
15th	93	76
16th	105	75
17th	95	73·5
18th	104	77
19th	105	80
20th	108	82
21st	107	83
22nd	108	82
23rd	105	81·5
24th	96	81·5
25th	94	74

Several cases of sun-stroke occurred amongst the troops and native population: also some cases of sporadic cholera. The Chinese appeared to be quite familiar with both these diseases, and attributed them to the excessively hot weather, which, however, is not always experienced at this time of the year. Douching with cold water has been found most efficacious in the treatment of sun-stroke; and the other day an incident occurred which is worthy of notice. A Chinaman of one of the merchant class was seen to stagger and fall while walking